

A Closed Wig and a Raised Wig are not exactly the same thing

They are related concepts in wig styling, but they refer to different aspects of how the wig is constructed and worn.

Closed wig

A “closed” wig usually refers to a wig that uses a **closure** — a small lace or silk piece at the front or crown that mimics a natural scalp and hairline. This closure hides the machine-made wefts and gives a seamless look. Closures are typically 4×4, 5×5, or 6×6 inches and are designed to cover a specific parting area, such as the middle or side part wighair.com+1. They are popular for their natural look, low maintenance, and ease of installation, but they limit styling flexibility — you can’t pull the hair back into a ponytail or change the parting widely.

Raised wig

A “raised” wig is not a standard wig category in the same way as closure or frontal. In wig terminology, “raised” often describes a **raised parting** — a technique where the hair is parted higher on the head, sometimes using a closure or frontal to create the illusion of a natural hairline. In some contexts, “raised” can also refer to a wig that is positioned higher on the head for a different look, but this is less common. In hair extensions or sew-ins, “raised” might mean the closure or frontal is applied higher up the scalp to create a different parting or style Luvme Hair.

Key difference

- **Closed wig** = a wig with a closure for a natural hairline.
- **Raised wig** = not a fixed category; could mean a wig with a raised parting or a closure applied higher on the head for styling.

In short: A closed wig is defined by its closure design, while a raised wig is more about positioning or parting style. They can overlap — for example, a closed wig with a raised parting — but they are not interchangeable terms. If you’re choosing a wig, focus on whether you want a closure for a natural look and whether you want styling flexibility or a raised parting.